Armstrong Bracket Information Form

Customer Information

Company

Name | Position

Address

City | State | Zip

Country

Email

Phone | Fax

Mobile

Boat Information

Year | Make | Model

Length | Color

Static Water Line:
Bow Heavy ☐ Stern Heavy ☐ Level ☐

If this is a Repower, the previous power was:
I/O ☐ Sea-Drive ☐ O/B ☐ Total HP

Boat Use:
Cruising ☐ Fishing ☐ Diving ☐
Skiing ☐ Swimming ☐ Other ☐

New Engine Information

of Eng. | Year | Make | Model

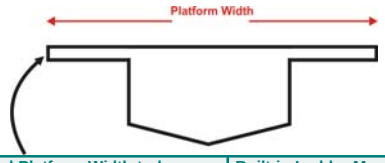
Total HP | Top Speed | Shaft Length | Kicker Engine Yes ☐ No ☐

Transom Information

Angle* | Thickness | Transom Shape: (Specify)
1. Curved 2. Notched
3. Flat (Straight across from side to side)

* To measure the transom *Angle* of your boat accurately, see the diagram and follow the instructions in the "Measuring the Transom Angle" below.

Do you want Platforms? Yes ☐ No ☐



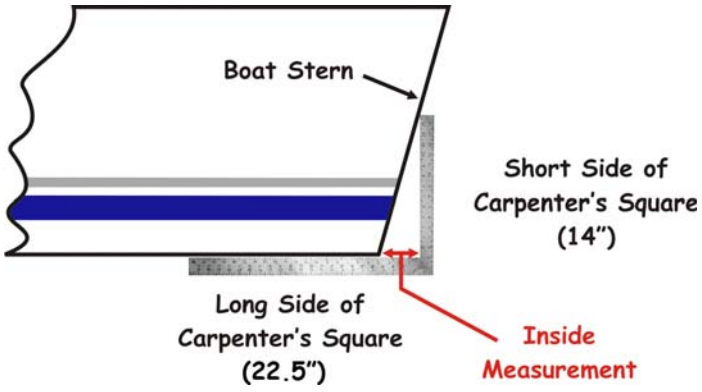
Total Platform Width to be: inches.

Built-in Ladder Mount? Yes ☐ No ☐

Built-in Ladder Mount Location: Port ☐ Starboard ☐

Instructions and Diagrams for Required Critical Transom Measurements

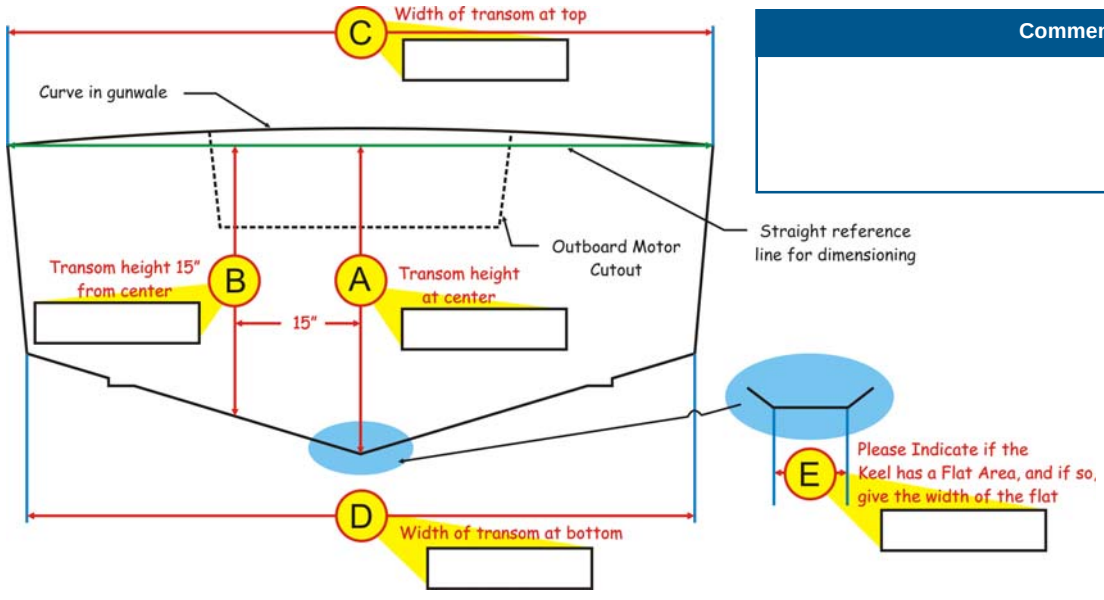
Measuring the Transom Angle



1. Use a standard carpenter's square (22.5"x14")
2. Place a carpenter's square, with the long side (22.5") under the keel or to the outside edge of the hull, parallel with the chine.
3. Place the short side against the transom vertically.
4. Take the measurement (see diagram) between the inside corner of the square and the boat transom.
5. Each 1/4" is equal to 1° in transom angle.

Note: The Carpenter's Square ***must*** be a large Carpenter's Square with a long side length of 22.5 inches, and a short side of 14 inches.

Transom Measurements



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